

FACTS ON UNITED STATES MILITARY SEXUAL VIOLENCE

Statistics from the 2016 – 2020 DoD SAPRO Reports and their appendices/annexes, unless otherwise noted.

https://www.sapr.mil/reports
Updated May 2020

Sexual Violence Remains Pervasive

- In FY18, **20,500** service members were sexually assaulted or raped including 13,000 women and 7,500 men. The rate of sexual assault and rape **jumped by almost 40%** from FY16 to FY18, and for women the rate increased by over 50% to the **highest level since 2006**.
- Of women who reported a penetrative sexual assault, 59% were assaulted by someone with a higher rank than them, and 24% were assaulted by someone in their chain of command.

Vast Majority of Cases Go Un-Reported

• 76.1% of victims did **not** report the crime in FY18.

Retaliation Is the Norm

- **64% of women** who reported a sexual assault face retaliation.
- 66% of retaliation reports alleged that retaliators were in the reporter's chain of command.
- A **third** of victims are discharged after reporting, typically **within 7 months** of making a report.
- Victims received **harsher discharges**, with 24% separated under less than fully honorable conditions, compared to 15% of all service members.ⁱⁱ

Low Trust and Satisfaction in System

- In FY18, over **1** in **4** victims who did not report feared retaliation from their command or coworkers.
- Nearly 1 in 3 victims who did not report feared the process would be unfair or nothing would be done.
- Less than half of female survivors felt well supported by their chain of command.

Conviction and Prosecution Rates

- Despite a **22% increase** in unrestricted sexual assault reports since 2015, **convictions** have plummeted by almost **60%** in the same timeframe.
- In FY 2019, of the **5,699 unrestricted reports** of sexual assault, 363 (**6.4%**) cases were tried by court martial, and 138 (**2.4%**) offenders were **convicted**

of a nonconsensual sex offense, the lowest prosecution rate since at least 2010.

High Demand for VA Care

- Over 1,325,000 outpatient visits took place at the VA for Military Sexual Trauma (MST)-related care in FY17, a 1.3% increase from FY15. iii
- Approximately 38% of female and 4% of male military personnel and veterans have experienced MST.^{iv}
- 40% of women homeless veterans have faced MST.^v
 Veterans with an MST history are over twice as likely
 to experience homelessness.

Sexual Harassment is Alarmingly High

- 6.3% active duty men and 24.2% active duty women were sexually harassed in FY18.
- 1 in 5 women who experienced sexual harassment were also sexually assaulted.
- DoD concluded that "sexual harassment is a leading factor affecting the unit climate on sexual assault."
- The majority of victims were harassed by someone in their chain of command.
- 1,021 formal sexual harassment complaints were investigated in FY19, a 10% increase from FY18.

Good Order and Discipline at Risk

- Service members who are sexually harassed are at significantly greater risk of sexual assault.
- More than 1 in 4 survivors of either sexual assault or sexual harassment/discrimination took steps to leave the military as a result.

<u>Definitions</u>: **Sexual assault** in the survey corresponds to crimes defined by Uniform Code of Justice (UCMJ) Article 120 (rape & sexual assault) and Article 80 (attempts). **Sexual harassment** is defined in federal law and military regulations and includes a pervasive and severe sexually hostile work environment that interferes with the ability to do one's job and/or sexual quid pro quo. **Gender discrimination**, also defined in law and regulations, refers to gender-based mistreatment that results in harm to one's career.

Underserved_How_the_VA_Wrongfully_Excludes_Veterans_with_Bad_Paper.

ⁱ Department of Defense (DoD) Inspector General, Evaluation of the Separation of Service Members Who Made a Report of Sexual Assault (2016), https://media.defense.gov/2016/May/09/2001714241/-1/1/DODIG-2016-088.pdf.

ⁱⁱ DoD IG report; Veterans Legal Clinic, Legal Services Center of Harvard Law School, Underserved: How the VA Wrongfully Excludes Veterans with Bad Paper (2016), https://www.vetsprobono.org/library/item.655363-

iii Department of Veterans Affairs, VA Office of Mental Health and Suicide Prevention Guidebook (2018).

^{iv} L Wilson, "The Prevalence of Military Sexual Trauma: A Meta-Analysis," *Trauma, Violence, & Abuse* (2016).

^v J Pavao, JA Turchik, JK Hyun, et al., "Military Sexual Trauma Among Homeless Veterans," *Journal of General Internal Medicine* 28 Suppl 2 (2013).